

Clinical Policy: Air Ambulance

Reference Number: LA.CP.MP.175

Last Review Date: 08/2020

Coding Implications Revision Log

# See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

#### **Description**

There are two categories of air ambulance services: fixed wing (airplane) and rotary wing (helicopter) aircraft. Fixed wing (FW) or rotary wing (RW) air ambulance are furnished when the medical condition is such that transport by ground ambulance, in whole or in part, is not appropriate. This policy describes medical necessity criteria for fixed wing air ambulance transportation.

#### Policy/Criteria

- **I.** It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections that *air ambulance (fixed wing or rotary wing) transportation* is medically necessary when all the following criteria are met:
  - A. Transport by either basic or advanced life support ground ambulance would endanger the health or threaten survival of the member. Some examples of applicable conditions include, but are not limited to:
    - 1. Intracranial bleeding requiring neurosurgical intervention;
    - 2. Cardiogenic shock;
    - 3. Burns requiring treatment in a burn center;
    - 4. Conditions requiring treatment in a Hyperbaric Oxygen Unit;
    - 5. Multiple severe injuries;
    - 6. Life-threatening trauma;
  - B. The location of the member needing transport meets one of the following:
    - 1. The point of pickup is inaccessible by ground vehicle (this condition could be met in Hawaii, Alaska, and in other remote or sparsely populated areas of the continental United States);
    - 2. Great distances or other obstacles, including traffic, or travel time exceeding 30-60 minutes, are involved in getting the patient to the nearest hospital with appropriate facilities via ground transportation (examples: burn care, cardiac care, trauma care, critical care, etc.);
  - C. If transport is requested from one facility to the other, the transferring facility does not have the appropriate services and physician specialists to provide the necessary medical care (e.g., trauma unit, burn unit, cardiac care unit, or pediatric specialty services).
- **II.** It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections that *air ambulance transportation* is not medically necessary for any of the following:
  - A. Member is legally pronounced dead before the ambulance is called;
  - B. Transportation is provided primarily for the convenience of the member, member's family, or the physician;
  - C. Transportation to a facility that is not an acute care hospital, such as a nursing facility, physician's office, or home;
  - D. Transportation to receive a service considered not medically necessary, even if the destination is an appropriate facility.



### Background

Air ambulances are used to expeditiously transport critically ill patients during life-threatening emergencies when either great distances or other obstacles, e.g., heavy traffic, preclude such rapid delivery to the nearest appropriate facility. Transport by air ambulance may also be necessary when accessibility by a ground ambulance is not possible. Air ambulance transportation is widely regarded as having a beneficial impact on improving the chances of survival and recovery for trauma victims and other critical patients, particularly in rural areas that lack readily accessible advanced-care facilities such as trauma or burn centers.

Rotary wing transport is ideal for transporting critical trauma patients from the scene as they have the ability to land close to the scene of the incident. They can also be utilized for emergent facility-to-facility transport, however, fuel capacity gives them a relatively short range. The fixed wing aircraft is generally used for emergent facility-to-facility transports when a patient must be transported a long distance. They have the ability to travel at much faster speeds then helicopters, with ranges over 500 miles at speeds between 200 to 300 mph. Runway requirements for takeoff and landing restrict airplanes, and the patient will usually need one or more transfers involving a ground unit to move them to/from the runway/airport. Fixed wing aircraft provides a transparent hospital-like environment with cardiac monitoring, invasive hemodynamic monitoring, infusion therapy, pulse oximetry, emergency medication, defibrillation with pacing capabilities, and advanced airway management capabilities and is staffed with a flight crew specially trained to provide emergency and critical care medical support.

### **Coding Implications**

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$CPT^{\mathbb{R}}$	Description
Codes	
N/A	

HCPCS	Description
Codes	
A0430	Ambulance service, conventional air services, transport, one way (fixed wing)
A0431	Ambulance service, conventional air services, transport, one way (rotary
	wing)
A0435	Fixed wing air mileage, per statute mile
A0436	Rotary wing air mileage, per statute mile



HCPCS	Description
Codes	
S9960	Ambulance service, conventional air services, nonemergency transport, one way (fixed wing)
S9961	Ambulance service, conventional air service, nonemergency transport, one way (rotary wing)

#### ICD-10-CM Diagnosis Codes that Support Coverage Criteria

+ Indicates a code requiring an additional character

ICD-10-CM	Description
Code	
N/A	

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	Approval Date
Converted corporate to local policy.	08/15/2020	

#### References

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- 7. Stewart KE, Cowan LD, Thompson DM, et al. Association of direct helicopter versus ground transport and in-hospital mortality in trauma patients: a propensity score analysis. *Acad Emerg Med.* 2011 Nov;18(11):1208-16. doi: 10.1111/j.1553-2712.2011.01207.x.
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#### **Important Reminder**

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