

Payment Policy: 24 Hour Payment Rule

Reference Number: LA.PP.500c Effective Date: 08/2020 Last Review Date: 04/2024

Coding Implications Revision Log

See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Policy Overview

Louisiana Healthcare Connections covers certain services, procedures or devices provided to member/enrollees in accordance with the member/enrollee's coverage documents, when rendered by participating providers and, in certain circumstances, by non-participating provides, all in accordance with the treating provider's scope of practice and this policy. While this policy serves as a guideline and general reference regarding reimbursement for twenty-four hour payment rule, it is not intended to address every reimbursement situation. In instances that are not specifically addressed by this policy or addressed by another policy or contract, we retain the right to use reasonable discretion in interpreting this policy and applying it (or not applying it) to the reimbursement of services provided to all or certain member/enrollees.

Application

The policy applies to payment for outpatient services rendered by the admitting hospital, or by another entity under arrangements with the admitting hospital, to Louisiana Healthcare Connections members/enrollees prior to and including the date of an inpatient admission. This policy applies to all hospitalizations that are paid using an all-inclusive payment methodology.

Policy Description

All hospitals (other than non-IPPS hospitals) are subject to a twenty-four hours bundling requirement when they furnish preadmission diagnostic services to a on the date of the inpatient admission or within the twenty-four hours prior to the date of the inpatient admission, or when they furnish preadmission non-diagnostic services that are related to the member's/enrollee's inpatient admission, on the date of the inpatient admission or within twenty-four hours prior to the date of the inpatient admission to the date of the inpatient admission.

All non-IPPS hospitals are subject to the twenty-four hours bundling requirement when they furnish preadmission diagnostic services to a member/enrollee on the day of the inpatient admission or within the twenty-four hours prior to the date of the inpatient admission, or when they furnish preadmission non-diagnostic services that are related to the member's/enrollee's inpatient admission, on the date of the inpatient admission or within twenty-four hours prior to the date of the inpatient admission to the date of the inpatient admission.

NOTE: The information in this policy may not reflect all Provider's Contract.

Reimbursement Hospital Services



Outpatient hospital services are defined as diagnostic and therapeutic services rendered under the direction of a physician or dentist to an outpatient in an enrolled, licensed and certified hospital. The hospital must also be Medicare certified. Covered outpatient hospital services provided to Medicaid beneficiaries are reimbursable.

Inpatient services shall not be billed as outpatient, even if the stay is less than 24 hours. Federal regulations are specific in regard to the definition of both inpatient and outpatient services. Billing outpatient services for an enrollee who is admitted as an inpatient within 24 hours of the performance of the outpatient service is not allowed and the facility may be subjected to financial sanctions.

Outpatient services (including diagnostic testing) when the diagnosis code is similar/related to the diagnosis code on an inpatient admission and are performed either during or within 24 hours of the inpatient admission, regardless of hospital ownership, will not be reimbursed separately as an outpatient service. The inpatient hospital is responsible for reimbursing the hospital providing the outpatient services. The inpatient hospital may reflect the outpatient charges on its claim.

Exceptions to this criterion is:

- Outpatient therapy services performed within 24 hours before an inpatient admission or 24 hours after the enrollee's discharge that are either related or unrelated to the inpatient stay; and 2.
- Transfers from a hospital emergency department to a different hospital/provider for inpatient admission

If either of the above exceptions are met, separate billing and payment for the outpatient hospital service are allowed

If a enrollee is treated in the emergency room and requires surgery, which cannot be performed for several hours because arrangements need to be made, the services may be billed as outpatient provided that the enrollee is not admitted as an inpatient.

Physicians responsible for a enrollee's care at the hospital are responsible for deciding whether the enrollee should be admitted as an inpatient. Physicians should use a 24 hour period as a benchmark, i.e., they should order admission for enrollees who are expected to need hospital care for 24 hours or more, and treat other patients on an outpatient basis. However, the decision to admit a patient is a complex medical judgment, which can be made only after the physician has considered a number of factors. Admissions of particular beneficiaries are not covered or non-covered solely on the basis of the length of time the enrollee actually spends in the hospital.

Medicaid will reimburse up to 48 medically necessary for an enrollee to be in an outpatient status. This time frame is for the physician to observe the enrollee and to determine the need for further treatment, admission to an inpatient status or for discharge. If the enrollee is admitted as an inpatient, the admit date will go back to the beginning of the outpatient services.



NOTE: Outpatient ambulatory surgery and other applicable revenue codes associated with the surgery may now be billed as outpatient regardless of the duration of the outpatient stay.

Outpatient diagnostic services (including clinical diagnostic laboratory tests) provided to a member/enrollee by a hospital on the date of an inpatient admission or within twenty-four hours (or with respect a non-IPPS hospital, twenty-four hours) prior to the date of the inpatient admission are deemed to be inpatient services and included in the inpatient payment (e.g., per diem, DRG, or per-case payment). This provision does not apply to services excluded from time to time from this policy. As of the effective date, the following services are excluded from being subject to this bundling requirement: ambulance services, maintenance renal dialysis services, and services furnished by skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, and hospices.

Outpatient diagnostic services provided to a member/enrollee by a hospital on the date of an inpatient admission or within twenty-four hours (or with respect a non-IPPS hospital, twenty-four hours) prior to the date of the inpatient admission are deemed to be inpatient services and must be bundled on the admitting hospital's claim for the member's/enrollee's inpatient stay at the admitting hospital.

Code	Description	
0254	Drugs incident to other diagnostic	
	services	
0255	Drugs incident to radiology	
0341, 0343	Nuclear medicine,	
	diagnostic/Diagnostic	
	Radiopharmaceuticals	
0371	Anesthesia incident to Radiology	
0372	Anesthesia incident to other	
	diagnostic services	
0471	Audiology diagnostic	
0481, 0489	Cardiology, Cardiac Catheter Lab/Other Cardiology with CPT codes 93451-93464, 93503, 93505, 93530-93533, 93561- 93568, 93571-93572, G0275, and	
	G0278 diagnostic	
0482	Cardiology, Stress Test	
0483	Cardiology, Echocardiology	
0918-0919	Testing- Behavioral Health	

Outpatient diagnostic services include, but are not limited to, the following revenue and/or CPT codes:

Diagnostic services billed on outpatient bill types will be denied when the line-item date of service (LIDOS) falls on the day of admission or any of the twenty-four hours (or with respect to a non-IPPS hospital, the twenty-four hours) immediately prior to the date of the admission.



In addition to diagnostic services; non-diagnostic services, other than ambulance and maintenance renal dialysis services, provided by a hospital on the day of the inpatient admission or on any of the twenty-four hours (or with respect to a non-IPPS hospital, the twenty-four hours) immediately prior to the date of the admission and that are deemed related to the admission, are considered inpatient services, and must be bundled on the claim for the member's/enrollee's inpatient stay at the admitting hospital, unless the hospital attests (as provided below) to specific non-diagnostic services as being unrelated to the hospital inpatient stay (i.e., the preadmission non-diagnostic services must be clinically distinct or independent from the reason for the member's/enrollee's admission).

When outpatient diagnostic services and related non-diagnostic services must be bundled on the admitting hospital's claim for the member's/enrollee's inpatient stay at the admitting hospital, the admitting hospital must convert CPT codes to ICD-9-CM procedure codes and must only include outpatient diagnostic and admission-related non-diagnostic services that are included within the applicable payment window.

Outpatient non-diagnostic services provided during the payment window that are unrelated to the admission may be separately billed. A hospital must maintain documentation in the member's/enrollee's medical record to support its claim that the preadmission outpatient non-diagnostic services are unrelated to the inpatient admission. For such unrelated outpatient non-diagnostic services, the hospital must bill the unrelated outpatient non-diagnostic services separately from the admitting hospital's claim for the inpatient admission and must include on the claim a condition code 51 (Attestation of Unrelated Outpatient Non-diagnostic Services) for the separately billed outpatient non-diagnostic services.

Outpatient facility claims for non-diagnostic services will be denied when the following occurs:

- (1) condition code 51 (Attestation of Unrelated Outpatient Non-diagnostic Services) is not included on the outpatient claim for non-diagnostic services provided during the payment window that are unrelated to the admission; and
- (2) the line-item date of service (LIDOS) falls on the day of admission or any of the twenty-four hours (or with respect to a non-IPPS hospital, the twenty-four hours) immediately prior to the date of the admission.

Professional Services

When a related facility furnishes a service subject to the provisions of this policy and submits a claim in accordance with this policy (e.g., the PD modifier described below is appropriately included), the following will be paid:

- (1) the professional component for such a service with a technical and professional component split, or
- (2) the facility rate for such a service that does not have a technical and professional component split.



Once the related entity has received confirmation of a member's/enrollee's inpatient admission from the admitting hospital, the related entity must append a CMS payment modifier to all claim lines for diagnostic services and for non-diagnostic services that have been identified as related to the inpatient stay that are furnished on the date of admission or within any of the twenty-four hours (or with respect to a non-IPPS hospital, the twenty-four hour) immediately prior to the date of the admission.

Physician non-diagnostic services that are unrelated to the hospital admission are not subject to the payment window and should be billed without the payment modifier.

The payment modifier "PD" (Diagnostic or related non-diagnostic item or service provided in a wholly owned or operated entity to a patient who is admitted as an inpatient within twenty-four hours), must be appended to the claim submitted by a related entity that is a physician practice/office for preadmission diagnostic and admission-related non-diagnostic services that are billed with HCPCS/CPT codes and that are subject to the provisions of this policy. The related entity must manage its billing processes to ensure that the claims for physician services are appropriately submitted when a related inpatient admission has occurred. The admitting hospital is responsible for notifying the related entity of an inpatient admission for a member/enrollee who received services from a related entity within any of the twenty-four hours (or with respect to a non-IPPS hospital, the twenty-four hour) immediately prior to the date of the inpatient admission.

Only unrelated non-diagnostic preadmission services are not subject to the above bundling and billing requirements. To be "unrelated," the preadmission non-diagnostic services must be clinically distinct or independent from the reason for the member's/enrollee's inpatient admission and must be furnished within any of the twenty-four hours (or with respect to a non-IPPS hospital, the twenty-four hour) immediately prior to the date of the admission. Note: non-diagnostic services furnished by a related entity that is a physician practice/office on the date of a member's/enrollee's inpatient admission to the admitting hospital are always deemed to be related to the admission and the technical portion for such services must be included on the bill for the inpatient admission.

Documentation Requirements

Admitting hospitals must include condition code 51 on the UB-04 when applicable, and related facilities are required to place modifier PD on diagnostic and related non-diagnostic items.

Coding and Modifier Information

This payment policy references Current Procedural Terminology (CPT[®]). CPT[®] is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association. All CPT[®] codes and descriptions are copyrighted 2023, American Medical Association. All rights reserved. CPT codes and CPT descriptions are from current manuals and those included herein are not intended to be all-inclusive and are included for informational purposes only. Codes referenced in this payment policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.



Definitions

Admitting Hospital – the hospital at which inpatient admission occurs

Hospital – collectively, the admitting hospital, entities "wholly owned" or "wholly operated" by the admitting hospital, and entities under arrangements with the admitting hospital

Related Facility – an entity that is "wholly owned" or "wholly operated" by the admitting hospital, or an entity under arrangement with the admitting hospital.

Wholly Operated – an entity for which the hospital has exclusive responsibility for conducting and overseeing the entity's routine operations, regardless of whether the hospital also has policymaking authority over the entity.

Wholly Owned – an entity that for which a hospital is the sole owner of the entity.

Related Policies Not Applicable

Related Documents or Resources Not Applicable

References

- 1. Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®), 2023
- 2. HCPCS Level II, 2023
- 3. *International Classification of Diseases*, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM), 2023
- 4. ICD-10-CM Official Draft Code Set, 2023

Revision History	Revision	Approval
	Date	Date
Converted corporate to local policy.	08/15/2020	
Revised policy to follow State guidelines for 24 hour payment	5/2023	10/19/23
Changed policy name from 3 Day Payment Window to 24 Hour		
Payment Rule to be in line with state guidelines.		
Annual Review; update reference dates	04/5/2024	4/30/24

Important Reminder

This payment policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this payment policy; and other available clinical information. LHCC makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing



this payment policy. This payment policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this payment policy was approved.

The purpose of this payment policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable LHCC administrative policies and procedures.

This payment policy is effective as of the date determined by LHCC. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this payment policy. This payment policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this payment policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. LHCC retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this payment policy, and additional payment policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This payment policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of member/enrollees. This payment policy is not intended to recommend treatment for member/enrollees. Member/enrollees should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this payment policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom LHCC has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of LHCC.

This payment policy is the property of LHCC. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this payment policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, member/enrollees and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, member/enrollees and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to member/enrollees and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

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