

Clinical Policy: Hyaluronate Derivatives

Reference Number: LA.PHAR.05

Effective Date: 07.10.24

Last Review Date: 01.26.26

Line of Business: Medicaid

[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

****Please note: This policy is for medical benefit****

Description

The following are hyaluronate derivatives requiring prior authorization: sodium hyaluronate (Euflexxa[®], Gelsyn-3[™], GenVisc[®]850, Hyalgan[®], Supartz FX[™], Synjoynt[™], Triluron[™], TriVisc[™], VISCO-3[™]), hyaluronic acid (Durolane[®]), cross-linked hyaluronate (Gel-One[®]), hyaluronan (Hymovis[®], Orthovisc[®], Monovisc[®]), and hylan polymers A and B (Synvisc[®], Synvisc One[®]).

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Hyaluronate derivatives are indicated for the treatment of pain in osteoarthritis (OA) of the knee in patients who have failed to respond adequately to conservative non-pharmacologic therapy and to simple analgesics (e.g., acetaminophen).

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections that hyaluronate derivatives are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Osteoarthritis of the Knee (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of OA of the knee supported by imaging (e.g., X-ray, MRI);
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist, orthopedist, physiatrist, or sports medicine physician;
3. Inadequate response to physical therapy as directed by a physical therapist;
4. Failure of a ≥ 4 -week trial of one of the following (a or b), as evidenced by claims history, unless all are contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced:
 - a. Oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) at continuous therapeutic (prescription strength) dosing;
 - b. Topical NSAID* if member is ≥ 75 years old or unable to take oral NSAIDs;
**Prior authorization may be required for topical NSAIDs*
5. Trial of at least one intra-articular glucocorticoid injection* with a documented positive but inadequate response (*see Appendix D for examples*) unless contraindicated or history of intolerance;

**Prior authorization may be required for intra-articular glucocorticoids*

6. If request is for a product other than Euflexxa, Monovisc, Orthovisc, Synvisc, and Synvisc One: Failure of two of the following (a, b, or c), unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated:
 - a. Euflexxa;
 - b. Monovisc or Orthovisc;
 - c. Synvisc or Synvisc One;
7. Member does not have any of the following (a and b):
 - a. Coexistent active inflammatory arthritis other than OA (e.g., rheumatoid arthritis, spondylitis, gouty arthritis) in the targeted knee;
 - b. History of total knee arthroplasty in the targeted knee;
8. Dose does not exceed one treatment cycle per knee for a 6 month period.

Approval duration: 6 months (one treatment cycle per knee) (*refer to section V*)

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53

II. Continued Therapy

A. Osteoarthritis of the Knee (must meet all):

- a. Currently receiving medication via Louisiana Healthcare Connections benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by the following, including but not limited to:
 - a. Decrease in pain symptoms as evidenced by improvement in the Visual Analog Scale for pain;
 - b. Improvement in ambulation or range of motion;
 - c. Improvement in stiffness;
 - d. Decrease in rescue pain medication use;
3. Member has not had total knee arthroplasty in the targeted knee;
4. If request is for a product other than Euflexxa, Monovisc, Orthovisc, Synvisc, and Synvisc One: Failure of two of the following (a, b, or c), unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated:
 - a. Euflexxa;
 - b. Monovisc or Orthovisc;
 - c. Synvisc or Synvisc One;
5. Six or more months have elapsed since the last treatment cycle;
6. Dose does not exceed one treatment cycle per knee.

Approval duration: 6 months (one treatment cycle per knee) (*refer to section V*)

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

NSAID: non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug

OA: osteoarthritis

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

| Drug Name | Dosing Regimen | Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose |
|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Oral NSAIDs | | |
| diclofenac (Voltaren®) | 50 mg PO TID | 150 mg/day |
| etodolac (Lodine®) | 400-500 mg PO BID | 1,200 mg/day |
| fenoprofen (Nalfon®) | 400 mg PO TID to QID | 3,200 mg/day |
| ibuprofen (Motrin®) | 400-800 mg PO TID to QID | 3,200 mg/day |
| indomethacin (Indocin®) | 25-50 mg PO BID to TID | 200 mg/day |
| indomethacin SR (Indocin SR®) | 75 mg PO QD to BID | 150 mg/day |
| ketoprofen | 25-75 mg PO TID to QID | 300 mg/day |
| meloxicam (Mobic®) | 7.5-15 mg PO QD | 15 mg/day |
| naproxen (Naprosyn®) | 250-500 mg PO BID | 1,500 mg/day |
| naproxen sodium (Anaprox®, Anaprox DS®) | 275-550 mg PO BID | 1,650 mg/day |
| oxaprozin | 600-1,200 mg PO BID | 1,800 mg/day |
| piroxicam (Feldene®) | 10-20 mg PO QD | 20 mg/day |
| salsalate (Disalcid®) | 500-750 mg PO TID, titrated up to 3,000 mg QD | 3,000 mg/day |
| sulindac | 150 mg-200 mg PO BID | 400 mg/day |
| tolmetin DS (Tolectin DS®) | 400 mg PO TID, titrated up to 1,800 mg QD | 1,800 mg/day |
| Topical NSAIDs | | |
| diclofenac 1.5% (Pennsaid®) | 40 drops QID on each painful knee | 320 drops/day |

| Drug Name | Dosing Regimen | Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Voltaren® Gel 1% (diclofenac) | 2-4 g applied to affected area QID | 32 g/day |
| <i>Intra-articular glucocorticoids</i> | | |
| Kenalog® (triamcinolone acetone) | 40 mg (1 mL) for large joints | 80 mg/treatment |
| Hexatrione® (triamcinolone hexacetone) | 10-40 mg for large joints | 40 mg/treatment |
| methylprednisolone acetate (Depo-Medrol®) | 20-80 mg for large joints | 80 mg/treatment |
| hydrocortisone acetate | 25-50 mg for large joints | 75 mg/treatment |
| Zilretta® (triamcinolone acetone) | 32 mg (5 mL) for large joints | 32 mg/treatment |

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s):
 - Durolane, Euflexxa, Gelsyn-3, GenVisc 850, Hyalgan, Supartz FX, Synjoynt, Triluron, TriVisc, VISCO-3, Gel-One, Hymovis, Orthovisc, Monovisc, Synvisc, Synvisc One:
 - Known hypersensitivity to hyaluronan preparations
 - Patients with knee joint infections, infections, or skin disease in the area of the injection site
 - Hymovis, Monovisc, Orthovisc: do not administer to patients with known hypersensitivity to gram positive bacterial proteins
 - Monovisc: do not administer to patients with known systemic bleeding disorders
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

- Examples of documented positive but inadequate response to intra-articular glucocorticoid injections include but are not limited to the following: inadequate pain relief, frequent need of rescue medications such as NSAIDs or opioids, need to decrease or inability to increase activity levels, adequate pain relief but with steroid-induced hyperglycemia.
- Per the 2014 and 2019 Osteoarthritis Research Society International guidelines, hyaluronate derivatives are not appropriate for multiple joint OA subtypes or joint OA other than the knee.
 - In DeGroot et al., single hyaluronic acid was compared to saline injection in a small RCT (N=64). At 6 and 12 weeks, there were no significant differences in improvement between the two groups on the American Orthopedic Foot and Ankle Society clinical rating score, the Ankle Osteoarthritis Scale score, or the patient-reported visual analog pain scale. Migliore et al., conducted a review of seven studies for ankle OA that showed mixed results, but were unable to complete a meta-analysis due to use of study design limitations (e.g., inconsistent use of primary endpoints, varying comparators, small sample size) leading to study heterogeneity.

- Richette et al. conducted a multicenter, randomized, placebo-controlled trial in hip OA. At 3 months, hyaluronic acid was not more effective than placebo with a treatment difference in pain score of -0.15 (95% CI $-11.04, 10.74$). Responder rates were 33.3% for hyaluronic acid and 32.6% for placebo ($p = 0.94$). Additionally, analgesics were taken by 81% of study days by patients on placebo, and 88% of patients in the hyaluronic acid group.
- There are no studies that have evaluated the efficacy of hyaluronate derivatives in patients with OA and coexistent other inflammatory conditions such as rheumatoid arthritis.
- There is no data to suggest efficacy of hyaluronate derivatives in patients who have had total knee arthroplasty in the targeted knee.

V. Dosage and Administration

| Drug Name | Active Ingredient | Dose of Active Ingredient per Injection | Treatment Cycle* |
|-------------|--|---|------------------|
| Durolane | Hyaluronic acid | 60 mg (3 mL) | 1 injection |
| Euflexxa | Sodium hyaluronate | 20 mg (2 mL) | 3 injections |
| Gel-One | Cross-linked sodium hyaluronate | 30 mg (3 mL) | 1 injection |
| Gelsyn-3 | Sodium hyaluronate | 16.8 mg (2 mL) | 3 injections |
| GenVisc 850 | Sodium hyaluronate | 25 mg (2.5 mL) | 3-5 injections |
| Hyalgan | Sodium hyaluronate (Hyalectin®) | 20 mg (2 mL) | 3-5 injections |
| Hymovis | Sodium hyaluronate (HYADD®4) | 24 mg (3 mL) | 2 injections |
| Monovisc‡ | Cross-linked sodium hyaluronate | 88 mg (4 mL) | 1 injection |
| Orthovisc‡ | Sodium hyaluronate | 30 mg (2 mL) | 3-4 injections |
| Supartz FX | Sodium hyaluronate | 25 mg (2.5 mL) | 3-5 injections |
| Synjoynt | Sodium hyaluronate | 20 mg (2 mL) | 3 injections |
| Synvisc | Cross-linked hylan G-F 20 (hylan A and hylan B polymers) | 16 mg (2 mL) | 3 injections |
| Synvisc One | Cross-linked hylan G-F 20 (hylan A and hylan B polymers) | 48 mg (6 mL) | 1 injection |
| Triluron | Sodium hyaluronate | 20 mg (2 mL) | 3 injections |
| TriVisc | Sodium hyaluronate | 25 mg (2.5 mL) | 3 injections |
| VISCO-3 | Sodium hyaluronate | 25 mg (2.5 mL) | 3 injections |

*Treatment cycle: Total number of injections per cycle per knee (if treating both knees, double the number of injections per treatment cycle).

‡Per product label, one injection of Monovisc is equivalent to 3 injections of Orthovisc.

VI. Product Availability

| Drug Name | Active Ingredient | Availability** |
|-----------|-------------------|----------------|
| Durolane | Hyaluronic acid | 3 mL syringe |

| Drug Name | Active Ingredient | Availability** |
|-------------|--|------------------------------|
| Euflexxa | Sodium hyaluronate | 2.25 mL syringe |
| Gel-One | Cross-linked sodium hyaluronate | 3 mL syringe |
| GenVisc 850 | Sodium hyaluronate | 3 mL syringe |
| Gelsyn-3 | Sodium hyaluronate | 2.25 mL syringe |
| Hyalgan | Sodium hyaluronate (Hyalectin®) | 2 mL vial or 2 mL syringe |
| Hymovis | Sodium hyaluronate (HYADD®4) | 5 mL syringe |
| Monovisc‡ | Cross-linked sodium hyaluronate | 5 mL syringe |
| Orthovisc‡ | Sodium hyaluronate | 3 mL syringe |
| Supartz FX | Sodium hyaluronate | 2.5 mL syringe |
| Synjoynt | Sodium hyaluronate | 3 mL syringe |
| Synvisc | Cross-linked hylan G-F 20 (hylan A and hylan B polymers) | 2.25 mL syringe |
| Synvisc One | Cross-linked hylan G-F 20 (hylan A and hylan B polymers) | 10 mL syringe |
| TriVisc | Sodium hyaluronate | 3 mL syringe |
| Triluron | Sodium hyaluronate | 2 mL syringe or 2 mL vial |
| VISCO-3 | Sodium hyaluronate | 2.5 mL syringe |

** All syringes/vials are single-use (i.e., one injection/one knee); syringes are pre-filled.

‡Per product label, one injection of Monovisc is equivalent to 3 injections of Orthovisc.

VII. References

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Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

| HCPCS Codes | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| J7318 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Durolane, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg |
| J7320 | Hyaluronan or derivative, GenVisc 850, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg |
| J7321 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Hyalgan, Supartz, or VISCO-3, for intra-articular injection, per dose |
| J7322 | Hyaluronan or derivative, hymovis or hymovis one, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg |
| J7323 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Euflexxa, for intra-articular injection, per dose |
| J7324 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Orthovisc, for intra-articular injection, per dose |
| J7325 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Synvisc or Synvisc-One, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg |
| J7326 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Gel-One, for intra-articular injection, per dose |
| J7327 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Monovisc, for intra-articular injection, per dose |
| J7328 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Gelsyn-3, for intra-articular injection, 0.1 mg |
| J7329 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Trivisc, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg |
| J7331 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Synjoynt, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg |
| J7332 | Hyaluronan or derivative, Triluron, for intra-articular injection, 1 mg |

| Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals | Date | LDH Approval Date |
|--|-------------|--------------------------|
| Converted corporate to local policy. | 04.22 | 07.01.22 |
| No significant changes; updated HCPCS code J7321; removed Supartz as the Medispan is obsolete and no longer available; | 06.14.23 | 10.05.23 |

| Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals | Date | LDH Approval Date |
|---|----------|----------------------------|
| references reviewed and updated. Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section Added verbiage this policy is for medical benefit only. | | |
| Annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated. | 04.10.24 | 07.10.24 |
| No significant changes; updated HCPCS code description for J7321 and removed J7333; references reviewed and updated. | 11.13.24 | 01.27.25 |
| Added physiatrist to specialist options | 06.16.25 | 09.18.25 |
| Annual review, no material changes; references reviewed and updated. | 11.24.25 | N/A, no material revisions |
| HCPCS code description revised [J7322]. | 01.26.26 | |

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. LHCC makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable LHCC administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by LHCC. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. LHCC retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment, or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible

for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom LHCC has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of LHCC.

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