

Clinical Policy: Treprostinil (Remodulin, Yutrepia)

Reference Number: LA.PHAR.199

Effective Date: 09.29.23 Last Review Date: 07.10.25 Line of Business: Medicaid

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Please note: This policy is for medical benefit

Description

Treprostinil (Remodulin[®], Yutrepia[™]) is a prostacyclin analog.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Remodulin, and Yutrepia are indicated for the treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH) (World Health Organization [WHO] Group 1) to improve exercise ability.

- Remodulin is also indicated to reduce the rate of clinical deterioration in patients with PAH requiring transition from epoprostenol (Flolan[®], Veletri[®]). The risks and benefits of each drug should be carefully considered prior to transition.
- Yutrepia is also indicated for the treatment of pulmonary hypertension associated with interstitial lung disease (PH-ILD; WHO Group 3) to improve exercise ability.
 - The study with Yutrepia establishing effectiveness predominately included patients with etiologies of idiopathic interstitial pneumonia (IIP) (45%) inclusive of idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis (IPF), combined pulmonary fibrosis and emphysema (CPFE) (25%), and WHO Group 3 connective tissue disease (22%)

For Remodulin, in PAH, studies establishing effectiveness included predominantly patients with New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class II-IV symptoms and etiologies of idiopathic or heritable PAH, PAH associated with congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunts, or PAH associated with connective tissue diseases. Nearly all controlled clinical experience with inhaled treprostinil has been on a background of bosentan (an endothelin receptor antagonist) or sildenafil (a phosphodiesterase type 5 inhibitor) with study duration of 12 weeks.

For Yutrepia in PAH, studies establishing effectiveness predominately included patients with NYHA Functional Class III symptoms and etiologies of idiopathic or heritable PAH (56%) or PAH associated with connective tissue diseases (33%). The effects diminish over the minimum recommended dosing interval of 4 hours; treatment timing can be adjusted for planned activities. While there are long-term data on use of treprostinil by other routes of administration, nearly all controlled clinical experience with inhaled treprostinil has been on a background of bosentan (an endothelin receptor antagonist) or sildenafil (a phosphodiesterase type 5 inhibitor). The controlled clinical experience was limited to 12 weeks in duration.

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.



It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections[®] that treprostinil,Remodulin, and Yutrepia are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PAH;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or pulmonologist;
- 3. Failure of a calcium channel blocker (*see Appendix B*), unless member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Inadequate response or contraindication to acute vasodilator testing;
 - b. Contraindication or clinically significant adverse effects to calcium channel blockers are experienced;
- 4. If request is for brand Remodulin, member must use generic treprostinil, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Remodulin: Provider must submit treatment plan detailing pump rate, dose, quantity (in mL), and frequency of cassette change;
 - b. Yutrepia: Dose does not exceed 848 mcg per day. If member requires titration, provider must submit a titration plan.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PH-ILD;
- 2. Member has WHO Group 3 pulmonary hypertension;
- 3. Request is for Yutrepia;
- 4. Prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or pulmonologist;
- 5. Age \geq 18 years;
- 6. Member has had right heart catheterization which confirmed all of the following (a, b, and c):
 - a. Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) > 3 Wood Units (WU);
 - b. Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) of < 15 mmHg;
 - c. Mean pulmonary arterial pressure (mPAP) of \geq 25 mmHg;
- 7. If member's pulmonary hypertension is due to connective tissue disease, member's baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) is < 70%;
- 8. Dose does not exceed the following:
- Yutrepia: 848 mcg per day. If member requires titration, provider must submit a titration plan.

Approval duration: 6 months

C. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255



2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53.

II. Continued Therapy

A. Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (must meet all):

- a. Currently receiving medication via Louisiana Healthcare Connections benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. If request is for brand Remodulin, member must use generic treprostinil, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 4. Request meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Remodulin: Provider must submit treatment plan detailing pump rate, dose, quantity (in mL) and frequency of cassette change;
 - b. Yutrepia: If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 848 mcg per day. If member requires titration, provider must submit a titration plan.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease (must meet all):

- a. Currently receiving medication via Louisiana Healthcare Connections benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
- 2. Request is for Yutrepia;
- 3. Member is responding positively to therapy;
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed:

 Yutrepia: 848 mcg per day. If member requires titration, provider must submit a titration plan.

Approval duration: 12 months

C. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – LA.PMN.53.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key



CTEPH: chronic thromboembolic pulmonary hypertension

FC: functional class

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

FVC: forced vital capacity

mPAP: mean pulmonary arterial

pressure

NYHA: New York Heart Association

PA: physical ability

PAH: pulmonary arterial hypertension PCWP: pulmonary capillary wedge

pressure

PH: pulmonary hypertension

PVR: pulmonary vascular resistance WHO: World Health Organization

WU: Wood Units

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

| Drug Name | Dosing Regimen | Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| nifedipine (Adalat® CC, | 30 mg PO QD; may increase to 60 | 240 mg/day |
| Procardia XL®) [†] | to 120 mg BID | |
| diltiazem (Dilt-XR®, Cardizem® | 60 mg PO BID; may increase to | 720 mg/day |
| CD, Cartia XT®, Tiazac®, | 120 to 360 mg BID | |
| Cardizem [®] LA, Matzim [®] LA) [†] | | |
| amlodipine (Norvasc®)† | 5 mg PO QD; may increase to 15 to | 30 mg/day |
| | 30 mg/day | |

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic. †Off-label

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): none reported
- Boxed warnings(s): none reported

Appendix D: Pulmonary Hypertension: WHO Classification

- Group 1: PAH
- Group 2: PH due to left heart disease
- Group 3: PH due to lung disease and/or hypoxemia
- Group 4: CTEPH
- Group 5: PH due to unclear multifactorial mechanisms

Appendix E: Pulmonary Hypertension: WHO/NYHA Functional Classes (FC)

| Treatment Approach* | FC | Status at Rest | Tolerance of Physical Activity (PA) | PA Limitations | Heart Failure |
|---|----|---------------------|--|---|------------------|
| Monitoring for progression of PH and treatment of co- | I | Comfortable at rest | No limitation | Ordinary PA does not cause undue dyspnea or fatigue, chest pain, or near syncope. | |



| Treatment Approach* | FC | Status at Rest | Tolerance of Physical Activity (PA) | PA Limitations | Heart Failure |
|---|-----|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| existing conditions | | | | | |
| A 1 1 | II | Comfortable at rest | Slight limitation | Ordinary PA causes undue dyspnea or fatigue, chest pain, or | |
| Advanced treatment of PH with PH- targeted therapy - see Appendix | III | Comfortable at rest | Marked limitation | near syncope. Less than ordinary PA causes undue dyspnea or fatigue, chest pain, or near syncope. | |
| F** | IV | Dyspnea or fatigue may be present at rest | Inability to carry out any PA without symptoms | Discomfort is increased by any PA. | Signs of right heart failure |

^{*}PH supportive measures may include diuretics, oxygen therapy, anticoagulation, digoxin, exercise, pneumococcal vaccination. **Advanced treatment options also include calcium channel blockers.

Appendix F: Pulmonary Hypertension: Targeted Therapies

| Mechanism of Action | Drug Class | Drug Subclass | Drug | Brand/Generic Formulations |
|---|---|---|--------------|--|
| | Prostacyclin* pathway agonist | Prostacyclin | Epoprostenol | Veletri (IV) Flolan (IV) Flolan generic (IV) |
| | *Member of the prostanoid class of fatty acid | Synthetic prostacyclin analog | Treprostinil | = Remodulin (IV) = |
| Reduction | derivatives. | | Iloprost | Ventavis (inhalation) |
| of pulmonary arterial pressure | | Non-prostanoid prostacyclin receptor (IP receptor) agonist | Selexipag | Uptravi (oral tablet) |
| through vasodilation | Endothelin receptor | Selective receptor antagonist | Ambrisentan | Letairis (oral tablet) |
| | antagonist (ETRA) | Nonselective dual action receptor | Bosentan | Tracleer (oral tablet) |
| | | antagonist | Macitentan | Opsumit (oral tablet) |
| | Nitric oxide- cyclic guanosine | Phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitor | Sildenafil | Revatio (IV, oral tablet, oral suspension) |



| Mechanism of Action | Drug Class | Drug Subclass | Drug | Brand/Generic Formulations |
|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| | monophosphate enhancer | | Tadalafil | Adcirca (oral tablet) |
| | | Guanylate cyclase stimulant (sGC) | Riociguat | Adempas (oral tablet) |

V. Dosage and Administration

| Josage and Administration | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--|
| Drug Name | Dosing Regimen | Maximum Dose | | |
| Treprostinil | 1.25 ng/kg/min SC or IV; can be increased weekly | Based on weight | | |
| (Remodulin) | based on clinical response | and tolerability | | |
| Treprostinil | In patients naïve to treprostinil, therapy should | 848 mcg/day | | |
| (Yutrepia) | begin with 26.5 mcg 3 to 5 times per day, in 2 | | | |
| | breaths based on patient response. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Patients transitioning from treprostinil inhalation | | | |
| | solution can begin Yutrepia therapy 3 to 5 times per | | | |
| | day, in 2 breaths, using the doses specified below: | | | |
| | Current treprostinil inhalation Dose: Yutrepia Dose | | | |
| | \leq 5 breaths: 26.5 mcg | | | |
| | 6-8 breaths: 53 mcg | | | |
| | 9-11 breaths: 79.5 mcg | | | |
| | 12-14 breaths: 106 mcg | | | |
| | 15-17 breaths: 132.5 mcg | | | |
| | ≥ 18 breaths: 159 mcg | | | |
| | Daga increases of 26.5 mag nor daga each week | | | |
| | Dose increases of 26.5 mcg per dose each week | | | |
| | may be implemented, as tolerated. The target | | | |
| | maintenance dosage is 79.5 mcg to 106 mcg, 4 | | | |
| | times daily. | | | |

VI. Product Availability

| | _ · · U |
|--------------|---|
| Drug | Availability |
| Treprostinil | 20 mL vials: 20 mg, 50 mg, 100 mg, 200 mg |
| (Remodulin) | |
| Treprostinil | Inhalation powder: capsule containing 26.5 mcg, 53 mcg, 79.5 mcg, 106 |
| (Yutrepia) | mcg of treprostinil as a dry powder |

VII. References

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Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

| HCPCS Codes | Description |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| J3285 | Injection, treprostinil, 1mg |



| HCPCS | Description |
|-------|--|
| Codes | |
| J7686 | Treprostinil, inhalation solution, FDA-approved final product, non-compounded, |
| | administered through DME, unit dose form, 1.74 mg |

| Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals | Date | LDH Approval |
|---|----------|-----------------|
| | | Date |
| Policy created | 05.09.23 | 08.28.23 |
| Annual review: no significant changes; clarified wording | 04.28.24 | 07.10.24 |
| surrounding the preference for generic Remodulin; references | | |
| reviewed and updated. | | |
| Annual review: no significant changes; in Appendix B per Clinical | 03.06.25 | 05.19.25 |
| Pharmacology, removed commercially unavailable branded | | |
| products, updated dosing regimens; clarified drugs used for off-label | | |
| indications; references reviewed and updated | | |
| Annual review: in Policy/Criteria, clarified criteria also applies to | 07.10.25 | |
| brand Remodulin; added new dosage form, Yutrepia; references | | |
| reviewed and updated | | |

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. LHCC makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions, and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable LHCC administrative policies and procedures.

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