

## Clinical Policy: Allogenic Processed Thymus Tissue-agdc (Rethymic)

Reference Number: LA.PHAR.563

Effective Date: 09.29.23

Last Review Date: 02.23.26

Line of Business: Medicaid

[Coding Implications](#)

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

**\*\*Please note: This policy is for medical benefit\*\***

### Description

Allogenic processed thymus tissue-agdc (Rethymic®) is a regenerative tissue-based therapy.

### FDA Approved Indication(s)

Rethymic is indicated for immune reconstitution in pediatric patients with congenital athymia.

Limitation(s) of use: Rethymic is not indicated for the treatment of patients with severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID).

### Policy/Criteria

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.*

It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections® that Rethymic is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### I. Initial Approval Criteria

##### A. Congenital Athymia (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of congenital athymia;
2. Diagnosis is confirmed by CD3<sup>+</sup> CD4<sup>+</sup> CD45RA<sup>+</sup> CD62L<sup>+</sup> T-cell count < 50/mm<sup>3</sup> or < 5% of the total T-cell count based on flow cytometry;
3. One of the following (a or b):
  - a. Absence of genetic defects associated with SCID (*see Appendix E*);
  - b. At least one of the following to define complete DiGeorge syndrome (cDGS): congenital heart defect, hypoparathyroidism/hypocalcemia, 22q11 hemizygosity, 10p13 hemizygosity, CHARGE syndrome (*see Appendix D*), or CHD7 mutation;
4. Prescribed by or in consultation with a pediatric immunologist;
5. Age ≤ 18 years;
6. Member does not have preexisting CMV infection (e.g., > 500 copies/mL in the blood by PCR on two consecutive assays);
7. Documentation of anti-human leukocyte antigen (HLA) antibody screening prior to treatment;
8. If positive for anti-HLA antibodies, member must receive Rethymic from a donor who does not express HLA alleles;

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9. If member previously received a hematopoietic cell transplantation (HCT) or a solid organ transplant, both of the following (a and b):
  - a. HLA matching is required;
  - b. Member must receive Rethymic HLA matched to recipient alleles that were not expressed in the HCT donor;
10. Rethymic is prescribed in combination with immunosuppressive therapy based on disease phenotype and phytohemagglutinin (PHA) levels (*see Appendix F*);
11. Request meets both of the following (a and b);
  - a. Dose does not exceed 22,000 mm<sup>2</sup> of Rethymic /m<sup>2</sup> recipient body surface area (up to 42 Rethymic slices);
  - b. Request is for a one-time application only.

**Approval duration: 1 month (one time application only per lifetime)**

## II. Continued Therapy

### A. Congenital Athymia

1. Continued therapy will not be authorized as Rethymic is indicated to be dosed one time only.

**Approval duration: Not applicable**

## III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – LA.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

## IV. Appendices/General Information

### *Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key*

ATG-R: anti-thymocyte globulin (rabbit)

cDGS: complete DiGeorge syndrome

CMV: cytomegalovirus

CPM: counts per minute

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

HCT: hematopoietic cell transplantation

HLA: human leukocyte antigens

MMF: mycophenylate mofetil

PCR: polymerase chain reaction

PHA: phytohemagglutinin

SCID: severe combined immunodeficiency

### *Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives*

Not applicable

### *Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings*

None reported

### *Appendix D: General Information*

- Congenital athymia is a rare condition characterized by the absence of a thymus at birth resulting in profound immunodeficiency and immune dysregulation. Children with congenital athymia generally do not survive beyond early childhood.

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- CHARGE syndrome is a disorder that affects many areas of the body. CHARGE is an abbreviation for several of the features common in the disorder: coloboma, heart defects, atresia choanae (also known as choanal atresia), growth retardation, genital abnormalities, and ear abnormalities.

#### Appendix E: SCID Defects

Disease	Genetic Defect
$\gamma$ c deficiency (X-linked SCID, CD132 deficiency)	<i>IL2RG</i>
JAK3 deficiency	<i>JAK3</i>
IL7R $\alpha$ deficiency	<i>IL7R</i>
CD45 deficiency	<i>PTPRC</i>
CD3 $\delta$ deficiency	<i>CD3D</i>
CD3 $\epsilon$ deficiency	<i>CD3E</i>
CD3 $\zeta$ deficiency	<i>CD3Z</i>
Coronin-1A deficiency	<i>CORO1A</i>
LAT deficiency	<i>LAT</i>
SLP76 deficiency	<i>LCP2</i>
RAG deficiency	<i>RAG 1, RAG 2</i>
DCLRE1C (Artemis) deficiency	<i>DCLRE1C</i>
DNA PKcs deficiency	<i>PRKDC</i>
Cernunnos/XLF deficiency	<i>NHEJ1</i>
DNA ligase IV deficiency	<i>LIG4</i>
Adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficiency	<i>ADA</i>
AK2 defect	<i>AK2</i>
Activated RAC2 defect	<i>RAC2</i>

#### Appendix F: Treatment Assignment to Immunosuppression

Complete DiGeorge Anomaly Phenotype	PHA Response	Immunosuppression Used with Rethymic
Typical	< 5,000 cpm or < 20-fold response to PHA over background	None
Typical	> 5,000 cpm and < 50,000 cpm or evidence of maternal engraftment	ATG-R Methylprednisolone
Typical	> 50,000 cpm	ATG-R Methylprednisolone Cyclosporine
Atypical	< 40,000 cpm on immunosuppression or < 75,000 cpm when not on immunosuppression	ATG-R Methylprednisolone Cyclosporine
Atypical	> 40,000 cpm on immunosuppression or > 75,000 cpm when not on immunosuppression or evidence of maternal engraftment	ATG-R Methylprednisolone Cyclosporine Basiliximab

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Complete DiGeorge Anomaly Phenotype	PHA Response	Immunosuppression Used with Rethymic
		MMF

#### V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Congenital athymia	5,000 to 22,000 mm <sup>2</sup> of Rethymic surface area per m <sup>2</sup> of recipient BSA as a single surgical procedure	22,000 mm <sup>2</sup> of Rethymic surface area/m <sup>2</sup> recipient BSA; up to 42 cultured Rethymic slices

#### VI. Product Availability

Slices of processed tissue with varying thickness and shape; each drug product dish contains up to 4 Rethymic slices

#### VII. References

1. Rethymic Prescribing Information. Cambridge, MA: Enzyvant Therapeutics, Inc; October 2024. Available at: [https://www.rethymic.com/RETHYMIC\\_Prescribing\\_Information\\_English.pdf](https://www.rethymic.com/RETHYMIC_Prescribing_Information_English.pdf). Accessed October 23, 2025.
2. Collins C, Sharpe E, Silber A, Kulke S, Hsieh EWY. Congenital Athymia: Genetic Etiologies, Clinical Manifestations, Diagnosis, and Treatment. *J Clin Immunol*. 2021;41(5):881-895.
3. Markert ML, Gupton SE, McCarthy EA. Experience with cultured thymus tissue in 105 children [published online ahead of print, 2021 Aug 3]. *J Allergy Clin Immunol*. 2021;S0091-6749(21)01056-3. doi:10.1016/j.jaci.2021.06.028.
4. Tangye SG, Al-Herz W, Bousfiha A, et al. Human Inborn Errors of Immunity: 2022 Update on the Classification from the International Union of Immunological Societies Expert Committee. *J Clin Immunol*. 2022;42(7):1473-1507.

#### Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J3590	Unclassified biologics
C9399	Unclassified drugs or biologicals

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	LDH Approval Date
Policy created	05.01.23	08.28.23

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Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	LDH Approval Date
Annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	03.25.24	05.23.24
No significant changes; corrected “CDXH7” mutation to “CHD7”; references reviewed and updated.	03.03.25	05.19.26
Annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated	02.23.26	

#### **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. LHCC makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved.

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