

Clinical Policy: Atezolizumab (Tecentriq)

Reference Number: LA.PHAR.235

Effective Date:

Last Review Date: 01.21

Line of Business: Medicaid

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Atezolizumab (Tecentriq[®]) is a programmed death-ligand 1 (PD-L1) blocking antibody.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Tecentriq is indicated:

- Urothelial carcinoma (UC)
 - For the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic urothelial carcinoma who:
 - are not eligible for cisplatin-containing chemotherapy and whose tumors express PD-L1 (PD-L1 stained tumor-infiltrating immune cells [IC] covering $\geq 5\%$ of the tumor area), as determined by an FDA-approved test.
 - are not eligible for any platinum-containing chemotherapy regardless of PD-L1 status.
 - have disease progression during or following any platinum-containing chemotherapy, or within 12 months of neoadjuvant or adjuvant chemotherapy.

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on tumor response rate and duration of response. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial(s).
- Non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)
 - For the first-line treatment of adult patients with metastatic NSCLC whose tumors have high PD-L1 expression (PD-L1 stained $\geq 50\%$ of tumor cells [TC $\geq 50\%$] or PD-L1 stained tumor-infiltrating immune cells [IC] covering $\geq 10\%$ of the tumor area [IC $\geq 10\%$]), as determined by an FDA-approved test, with no EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberrations.
 - In combination with bevacizumab, paclitaxel, and carboplatin, for the first-line treatment of adult patients with metastatic non-squamous NSCLC with no EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberrations.
 - In combination with paclitaxel protein-bound and carboplatin for the first-line treatment of adult patients with metastatic non-squamous NSCLC with no EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberrations.
 - For the treatment of adult patients with metastatic NSCLC who have disease progression during or following platinum-containing chemotherapy. Patients with EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberrations should have disease progression on FDA-approved therapy for NSCLC harboring these aberrations prior to receiving Tecentriq.
- Triple-negative breast cancer (TNBC)
 - In combination with paclitaxel protein-bound for the treatment of adult patients with unresectable locally advanced or metastatic TNBC whose tumors express PD-L1 (PD-L1

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stained tumor-infiltrating immune cells [IC] of any intensity covering $\geq 1\%$ of the tumor area), as determined by an FDA approved test.

This indication is approved under accelerated approval based on progression free survival. Continued approval for this indication may be contingent upon verification and description of clinical benefit in a confirmatory trial(s).

- Small cell lung cancer (SCLC)
 - In combination with carboplatin and etoposide, for the first-line treatment of adult patients with extensive-stage small cell lung cancer (ES-SCLC).
- Hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC)
 - In combination with bevacizumab for the treatment of patients with unresectable or metastatic HCC who have not received prior systemic therapy.
- Melanoma
 - In combination with cobimetinib and vemurafenib for the treatment of patients with BRAF V600 mutation-positive unresectable or metastatic melanoma.

Policy/Criteria

Prior authorization is required. Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections that Tecentriq is medically necessary when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Urothelial Carcinoma (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of UC;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
3. Age ≥ 18 years;
4. One of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. Member is ineligible for cisplatin-containing chemotherapy, and the tumor expresses PD-L1;
 - b. Member is ineligible for any platinum-containing chemotherapy (e.g., cisplatin, carboplatin, oxaliplatin) regardless of PD-L1 status;
 - c. Disease has progressed during or following platinum-containing chemotherapy;
5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed 1,680 mg every 4 weeks;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of recurrent, advanced, or metastatic NSCLC;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
3. Age ≥ 18 years;

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4. If EGFR or ALK mutation status is negative or unknown, member meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Request is for use as a single agent as first-line therapy for tumors that have high PD-L1 expression (PD-L1 \geq 50% [TC \geq 50%] or tumor-infiltrating IC covering \geq 10% of the tumor area [IC \geq 10%]);
 - b. Disease is non-squamous, and Tecentriq is prescribed in combination with one of the following (i or ii):
 - i. Bevacizumab, paclitaxel, and carboplatin;
 - ii. Paclitaxel protein-bound (Abraxane[®]) and carboplatin;
 - c. Member has previously received platinum-containing chemotherapy (*see Appendix B*);
 - d. If no prior progression on a PD-1/PD-L1 inhibitor (i.e., Tecentriq as well as nivolumab, pembrolizumab, durvalumab), request is for single agent as subsequent therapy;
5. If a known EGFR or ALK genomic tumor aberration is present, history of disease progression during or following an NCCN-recommended therapy for the aberration (*see Appendix B*);
6. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed 1,680 mg every 4 weeks;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration: 6 months

C. Triple Negative Breast Cancer (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic TNBC;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
3. Age \geq 18 years;
4. Documentation of triple negative (i.e., estrogen, progesterone, and human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 [HER2] negative) disease;
5. Tumor expresses PD-L1;
6. Prescribed in combination with protein-bound paclitaxel (nab-paclitaxel);
7. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed 840 mg every 2 weeks;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration: 6 months

D. Small Cell Lung Cancer (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of extensive-stage SCLC;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
3. Age \geq 18 years;
4. Prescribed in combination with carboplatin and etoposide;
5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*

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- a. Dose does not exceed 1,680 mg every 4 weeks;
- b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration: 6 months

E. Hepatocellular Carcinoma (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of HCC;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
3. Age \geq 18 years;
4. Prescribed in combination with bevacizumab as first-line systemic therapy;
5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed 1,680 mg every 4 weeks;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration: 6 months

F. Melanoma (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of melanoma with BRAF V600 mutation;
2. Disease is unresectable or metastatic;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
4. Age \geq 18 years;
5. Prescribed in combination with cobimetinib and vemurafenib;
6. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed 840 mg every 2 weeks;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration: 6 months

G. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): LA.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via Louisiana Healthcare Connections benefit, or documentation supports that member is currently receiving Tecentriq for a covered indication and has received this medication for at least 30 days;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. If request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a, b, or c):*
 - a. For HCC, NSCLC, extensive-stage SCLC, UC: New dose does not exceed 1,680 mg every 4 weeks;

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- b. For TNBC, melanoma: New dose does not exceed 840 mg every 2 weeks;
- c. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via Louisiana Healthcare Connections benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.
Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less); or
2. Refer to the off-label use policy if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): LA.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy – LA.PMN.53 for Medicaid, or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

ALK: anaplastic lymphoma kinase
EGFR: epidermal growth factor receptor
FDA: Food and Drug Administration
HCC: hepatocellular carcinoma
NSCLC: non-small cell lung cancer

PD-L1: programmed death-ligand 1
SCLC: small cell lung cancer
TNBC: triple-negative breast cancer
UC: urothelial carcinoma

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
cisplatin-, oxaliplatin- (Eloxatin [®]) or carboplatin-containing chemotherapy	UC: Varies	Varies
cisplatin-, or carboplatin-containing chemotherapy	NSCLC: Varies	Varies
Xalkori [®] (crizotinib) Alecensa [®] (alectinib) Zykadia [®] (ceritinib)	NSCLC with ALK tumor aberration: Varies	Varies
Tarceva [®] (erlotinib) Gilotrif [®] (afatinib) Iressa [®] (gefitinib)	NSCLC with EGFR tumor aberration: Varies	Varies

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

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Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings
None reported

Appendix D: General Information

SCLC consists of two stages: limited-stage and extensive-stage. Extensive-stage is defined as stage IV (T any, N any M 1a/b) or T3-4 due to multiple lung nodules that are too extensive or have tumor/nodal volume that is too large to be encompassed in a tolerable radiation plan.

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
UC	840 mg IV every 2 weeks, 1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks, or 1,680 mg IV every 4 weeks	1,680 mg/4 weeks
NSCLC	<p>As a single agent: 840 mg IV every 2 weeks, 1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks, or 1,680 mg IV every 4 weeks</p> <p>When administering with chemotherapy with or without bevacizumab: 1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks prior to chemotherapy and bevacizumab</p> <p>Following completion of 4-6 cycles of chemotherapy, and if bevacizumab is discontinued, administer Tecentriq 840 mg IV every 2 weeks, 1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks, or 1,680 mg IV every 4 weeks</p>	1,680 mg/4 weeks
SCLC	<p>When administering with carboplatin and etoposide: 1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks prior to chemotherapy</p> <p>Following completion of 4 cycles of carboplatin and etoposide: administer Tecentriq 840 mg IV every 2 weeks, 1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks, or 1,680 mg IV every 4 weeks</p>	1,680 mg/4 weeks
TNBC	For each 28 day cycle, 840 mg IV on days 1 and 15 followed by 100 mg/m ² nab-paclitaxel on days 1, 8, and 15	840 mg/2 weeks
HCC	<p>1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks plus bevacizumab 15 mg/kg IV on the same day</p> <p>If bevacizumab is discontinued for toxicity, the recommended dosage of Tecentriq is 840 mg IV every 2 weeks, 1,200 mg IV every 3 weeks, or 1,680 mg IV every 4 weeks</p>	1,680 mg/4 weeks
Melanoma	Following completion of a 28 day cycle of cobimetinib and vemurafenib, administer Tecentriq 840 mg IV every 2 weeks with cobimetinib 60 mg	840 mg/2 weeks

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Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
	PO QD (21 days on/7 days off) and vemurafenib 720 mg PO BID	

VI. Product Availability

Single-dose vial: 840 mg/14 mL, 1,200 mg/20 mL

VII. References

1. Tecentriq Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech, Inc.; July 2020. Available at: <https://www.tecentriq.com>. Accessed October 15, 2020.
2. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Drugs and Biologics Compendium. Available at: nccn.org. Accessed October 15, 2020.
3. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Bladder Cancer Version 6.2020. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/bladder.pdf. Accessed October 15, 2020.
4. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Version 8.2020. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/nscl.pdf. Accessed October 15, 2020.
5. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Breast Cancer Version 6.2020. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/breast.pdf. Accessed October 15, 2020.
6. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Small Cell Lung Cancer Version 1.2021. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/scl.pdf. Accessed October 15, 2020.
7. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Hepatobiliary Cancers Version 5.2020. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/hepatobiliary.pdf. Accessed October 15, 2020.
8. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Cutaneous Melanoma Version 4.2020. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/cutaneous_melanoma.pdf. Accessed October 15, 2020.

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J9022	Injection, atezolizumab, 10 mg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. LHCC makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved.

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