

# **Clinical Policy: Cetuximab (Erbitux)**

Reference Number: LA.PHAR.317 Effective Date: 02.03.24 Last Review Date: 01.21.25 Line of Business: Medicaid

Coding Implications Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

# \*\*Please note: This policy is for medical benefit\*\*

# Description

Cetuximab (Erbitux<sup>®</sup>) is an epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) antagonist.

# FDA Approved Indication(s)

Erbitux is indicated for treatment of:

- Head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC)
  - Locally or regionally advanced HNSCC in combination with radiation therapy for initial treatment
  - Recurrent locoregional disease or metastatic HNSCC in combination with platinumbased therapy with fluorouracil (5-FU) for first-line treatment
  - Recurrent or metastatic HNSCC progressing after platinum-based therapy, as a single agent
- Colorectal cancer (CRC)
  - K-Ras wild-type, EGFR-expressing, metastatic CRC as determined by an FDA-approved test.
    - In combination with FOLFIRI (irinotecan, fluorouracil, leucovorin) for first-line treatment
    - In combination with irinotecan in patients who are refractory to irinotecan-based chemotherapy
    - As a single agent in patients who have failed oxaliplatin- and irinotecan-based chemotherapy or who are intolerant to irinotecan
  - BRAF V600E mutation-positive metastatic CRC
    - In combination with encorafenib, for the treatment of adult patients with metastatic CRC with a BRAF V600E mutation, as detected by an FDA-approved test, after prior therapy.

Limitation(s) of use: Erbitux is not indicated for treatment of Ras-mutant CRC or when the results of the Ras mutation tests are unknown.

# Policy/Criteria

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.* 

It is the policy of Louisiana Healthcare Connections<sup>®</sup> that Erbitux is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:



# I. Initial Approval Criteria

# A. Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of HNSCC (see Appendix D for subtypes by location);
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 4. Disease is advanced, recurrent, unresectable, or metastatic;
- 5. Prescribed in one of the following ways (a or b):
  - a. As a single agent;
  - b. In combination with platinum-based therapy (e.g., cisplatin or carboplatin), Opdivo<sup>®</sup>, Keytruda<sup>®</sup>, paclitaxel, or docetaxel (if cisplatin-ineligible);\* \**Prior authorization may be required for platinum-based therapies.*
- 6. Request meets one of the following (a, b, or c):\*
  - a. Dose does not exceed an initial dose of 400 mg/m<sup>2</sup> followed by 250 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly thereafter;
  - b. Dose does not exceed 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 2 weeks;
  - c. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).
  - \*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

# **Approval duration: 6 months**

- **B.** Colorectal Cancer (must meet all):
  - 1. Diagnosis of advanced, unresectable, or metastatic CRC;
  - 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
  - 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
  - 4. Disease is one of the following (a, b, c, d, or e):
    - a. KRAS/NRAS/BRAF wild-type (i.e., no mutations in KRAS, NRAS, or BRAF genes);
    - b. BRAF V600E mutation positive;
    - c. KRAS G12C mutation positive;
    - d. Deficient mismatch repair/microsatellite instability-high (dMMR/MSI-H);
    - e. Polymerase epsilon/delta (POLE/POLD1) mutation positive;
  - 5. Prescribed in one of the following ways (a, b, c, d, or e):
    - a. As a single agent;
    - b. In combination with FOLFIRI, FOLFOX or CapeOX;
    - c. In combination with irinotecan following prior therapy;
    - d. If BRAF V600E mutation positive: In combination with Braftovi<sup>®</sup> following prior therapy;
    - e. If KRAS G12C mutation positive: In combination with Lumakras<sup>®</sup> or Krazati<sup>®</sup> following prior therapy;
  - 6. For colon cancer that is KRAS/NRAS/BRAF wild-type with unresectable synchronous liver and/or lung metastases: Colon cancer is left-sided only (*see Appendix E*);
  - 7. For dMMR/MSI-H or POLE/POLD1 mutation positive cancer: Member is ineligible for or has progressed on checkpoint inhibitor immunotherapy (*see Appendix B*);
  - 8. Request meets one of the following (a, b, or c):\*



- a. Dose does not exceed an initial dose of 400 mg/m<sup>2</sup> followed by 250 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly thereafter;
- b. Dose does not exceed 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 2 weeks;
- c. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).
- \*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

# **Approval duration: 6 months**

# C. Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (off-label) (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of recurrent, advanced, or metastatic non-small cell lung cancer;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 4. Tumor is EGFR exon 19 deletion or exon 21 L858R, EGFR S768I, L861Q, and/or G719X mutation positive;
- 5. Prescribed in combination with Gilotrif as subsequent therapy;\* \*Prior authorization may be required for Gilotrif
- 6. One of the following (a or b):
  - a. Disease has progressed on or after an EGFR tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI) therapy (e.g., Tarceva<sup>®</sup>, Gilotrif<sup>®</sup>, or Iressa<sup>®</sup>);\*
  - b. Tumor is T790M positive and disease has progressed on or after Tagrisso<sup>®</sup>;\* \**Prior authorization may be required for Tagrisso and EGFR TKI therapies*
- 7. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence).\* \*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

# **Approval duration: 6 months**

# D. Penile Cancer (off-label) (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of metastatic or recurrent penile cancer;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 4. Prescribed as a single agent;
- 5. Prescribed as subsequent-line systemic therapy;
- 6. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence).\* \*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

# Approval duration: 6 months

# E. Squamous Cell Skin Cancer (off-label) (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of squamous cell skin cancer;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist;
- 3. Age  $\geq$  18 years;
- 4. Prescribed in one of the following ways (a or b):
  - a. As a single agent;
  - b. If member is ineligible for or progressed on immune checkpoint inhibitors (*see Appendix B*) and clinical trials: In combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel;



- 5. Disease is advanced, unresectable, high-risk, recurrent, metastatic, inoperable, or not fully resectable;
- 6. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence).\* \*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

# **Approval duration: 6 months**

- **F.** Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):
  - 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255
  - 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53

# **II.** Continued Therapy

- A. All Indications in Section I (must meet all):
  - 1. Currently receiving medication via Louisiana Healthcare Connections benefit, or documentation supports that member is currently receiving Erbitux for a covered indication and has received this medication for at least 30 days;
  - 2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
  - 3. If request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a or b):\*
    - a. For HNSCC or CRC: New dose does not exceed 250 mg/m<sup>2</sup> weekly or 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup> every 2 weeks;
    - b. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).
       \*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

# Approval duration: 12 months

# **B.** Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to LA.PMN.255
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy LA.PMN.53

# III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policy LA.PMN.53

# **IV. Appendices/General Information**

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key 5-FU: fluorouracil CapeOX: capecitabine, oxaliplatin

CRC: colorectal cancer



dMMR/MSI-H: deficient mismatch repair/microsatellite instability-high EGFR: epidermal growth factor receptor FDA: Food and Drug Administration FOLFIRI: fluorouracil, leucovorin, irinotecan	<ul> <li>HER: human epidermal growth factor receptor</li> <li>HNSCC: head and neck squamous cell carcinoma</li> <li>KRAS: Kirsten rat sarcoma 2 viral oncogene homologue</li> </ul>
FOLFOX: fluorouracil, leucovorin, oxaliplatin	NRAS: neuroblastoma RAS viral oncogene homologue
FOLFOXIRI: fluorouracil, leucovorin, oxaliplatin, irinotecan	POLE/POLD1: polymerase epsilon/delta

# Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
		Maximum Dose
Modified	CRC	See dosing regimen
FOLFOX 6	Day 1: oxaliplatin 85 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV	
	Day 1: Folinic acid 400 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV	
	Days 1–3: 5-FU 400 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV bolus	
	on day 1, then 1,200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> /day $\times$ 2	
	days (total 2,400 mg/m <sup>2</sup> over 46–48	
	hours) IV continuous infusion	
	Repeat cycle every 2 weeks.	
CapeOX	CRC	See dosing regimen
	Day 1: Oxaliplatin 130 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV	
	Days 1–14: Capecitabine 1,000	
	mg/m <sup>2</sup> PO BID	
	Repeat cycle every 3 weeks.	
FOLFIRI	CRC	See dosing regimen
	Day 1: Irinotecan 180 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV	
	Day 1: Leucovorin 400 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV	
	Day 1: Flurouracil 400 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV	
	followed by 2,400 mg/m <sup>2</sup> continuous	
	IV over 46 hours	
	Repeat cycle every 14 days.	
FOLFOXIRI	CRC	See dosing regimen
	Day 1: Irinotecan 165 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV,	
	oxaliplatin 85 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV, leucovorin	
	$400 \text{ mg/m}^2$ IV, flurouracil 1,600	
	mg/m <sup>2</sup> continuous IV for 2 days (total	
	$3,200 \text{ mg/m}^2$ )	
	Repeat cycle every 2 weeks.	
Checkpoint	CRC	Varies
inhibitor	Varies	



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
		Maximum Dose
therapies:		
Opdivo®		
$(nivolumab) \pm$		
Yervoy®		
(ipilimumab) or		
Keytruda <sup>®</sup>		
(pembrolizumab)		
Gilotrif (afatinib)	Metastatic NSCLC	40 mg/day; 50 mg/day when
	40 mg PO QD	on chronic concomitant
		therapy with a P-gp inducer
Iressa®	Metastatic NSCLC	250 mg/day; 500 mg/day
(gefitinib)	250 mg PO QD	when used with a strong
		CYP3A4 inducer
Tagrisso <sup>®</sup>	NSCLC	80 mg/day; 160 mg/day
(osimertinib)	80 mg PO QD	when used with a strong
		CYP3A inducer
erlotinib	Metastatic NSCLC	150 mg/day; 450 mg/day
(Tarceva <sup>®</sup> )	150 mg PO QD	when used with a strong
		CYP3A4 inducer or 300
		mg/day when used with a
		moderate CYP1A2 inducer
TIP (paclitaxel,	Penile Cancer	See dosing regimen
ifosfamide,	Paclitaxel 175 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on day 1;	
cisplatin)	ifosfamide 1,200 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on day 1-3;	
	cisplatin 25 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on day 1-3	
	Repeat every 3 to 4 weeks.	
5-FU, cisplatin,	HNSCC	See dosing regimen
carboplatin	cisplatin 100 mg/m2 IV or carboplatin	
	AUC 5 IV on day 1, plus 5-FU 1,000	
	$mg/m^2$ IV on days 1, 2, 3, and 4,	
	repeated every 3 weeks	
	Penile Cancer	
	5-FU 800 - 1,000	
	mg/m <sup>2</sup> /day continuous IV on days 1-4	
	or 2-5; cisplatin 70-80 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV on	
	day 1	
	Repeat every 3 to 4 weeks.	
Immune	Squamous Cell Skin Cancer	Varies
checkpoint	Varies	
inhibitors:		
Keytruda		
(pembrolizumab),		
Libtayo <sup>®</sup>		



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
(cemiplimab- rwlcf)		

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name<sup>®</sup> (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name<sup>®</sup>) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

## Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): none reported
- Boxed warning(s): infusions reactions, cardiopulmonary arrest

### Appendix D: Head and Neck Squamous Cell Cancers by Location\*

- Paranasal sinuses (ethmoid, maxillary)
- Larynx (glottis, supraglottis)
- Pharynx (nasopharynx, oropharynx, hypopharynx)
- Lip and oral cavity
- Major salivary glands (parotid, submandibular, sublingual)
- Occult primary

\*Squamous cell carcinoma, or a variant, is the histologic type in more than 90% of head and neck cancers.

# Appendix E: KRAS/NRAS/BRAF Wild-Type Colon Cancer with Unresectable, Synchronous Liver and/or Lung Metastases

• The NCCN Colon Cancer Guidelines recommend that cetuximab should only be used for left-sided tumors in in KRAS/NRAS/BRAF wild-type colon cancer with unresectable, synchronous liver and/or lung metastases. The panel defines the left side of the colon as splenic flexure to rectum. Evidence suggests that patients with tumors originating on the right side of the colon (hepatic flexure through cecum) are unlikely to respond to cetuximab. Data on the response to cetuximab in patients with primary tumors originating in the transverse colon (hepatic flexure to splenic flexure) are lacking.

### V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
HNSCC, CRC	Weekly schedule: initial dose 400 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV followed by 250 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV weekly	See dosing regimen
	Biweekly schedule: initial and subsequent doses 500 mg/m <sup>2</sup> IV every 2 weeks	

### VI. Product Availability

Single-dose vials: 100 mg/50 mL, 200 mg/100 mL

## VII. References

1. Erbitux Prescribing Information. Indianapolis, IN: Eli Lilly and Company; September 2021. Available at: https://erbitux.lilly.com/hcp. Accessed July 17, 2024.



- 2. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Drugs and Biologics Compendium. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/professionals/drug\_compendium. Accessed August 7, 2024
- 3. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Head and Neck Cancer Version 4.2024. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician\_gls/pdf/head-and-neck.pdf. Accessed August 8, 2024.
- 4. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer 7.2024. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician\_gls/pdf/nscl.pdf. Accessed August 8, 2024.
- 5. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Squamous Cell Skin Cancer 1.2024. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician\_gls/pdf/squamous.pdf. Accessed August 8, 2024.
- 6. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Colon Cancer 4.2024. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician\_gls/pdf/colon.pdf. Accessed August 8, 2024.

# **Coding Implications**

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-todate sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J9055	Injection, cetuximab, 10 mg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	LDH Approval Date
Converted corporate policy to local policy.	06.25.23	01.03.24
Annual review: for HNSCC added combination therapy with Opdivo	05.07.24	08.20.24
per NCCN; for CRC added CapeOX as a possible combination		
therapy per NCCN; for colon cancer that is KRAS/NRAS/BRAF		
wild-type added criterion that disease is left-sided only per NCCN,		
along with rationale in Appendix E; for squamous cell skin cancer,		
removed "locally" from locally advanced disease qualifier as disease		
can be regional per NCCN; references reviewed and updated.		
Annual review: per NCCN – for HNSCC, added qualifier of	01.21.25	
unresectable disease and added alternative combinations with		
Keytruda, paclitaxel, or docetaxel; for CRC, added pathways for		
KRAS G12C, dMMR/MSI-H, and POLE/POLD1 mutations with		
corresponding requirements related to combination use and/or prior		
therapy, limited combination use with irinotecan for after prior		
therapy only, and modified requirement for left-sided colon cancer to		
only apply to unresectable synchronous liver/lung metastases; for		
NSCLC, specified sensitizing EGFR mutations (EGFR exon 19		
deletion or exon 21 L858R, EGFR S768I, L861Q, and/or G719X		
mutation positive); for penile cancer, added qualifier of recurrent		
disease; for squamous cell skin cancer, added qualifiers of		
unresectable and recurrent disease, removed qualifier of very high		



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	LDH Approval Date
risk, and added pathway for combination use with carboplatin and paclitaxel; references reviewed and updated.		

# **Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. LHCC makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable LHCC administrative policies and procedures.

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